

All Social Security numbers are requested by this agency in accordance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code. Disclosure is mandatory and this form will not be processed without this information.

No

APPLICATION - 1

State Form 945

Retirement Application

Instructions

Submit this application no later than SIX MONTHS before you leave work to avoid a gap between your paycheck and PERF benefit.

Federal law prohibits PERF from making distributions prior to "separation from employment." Uninterrupted service in any capacity or reemployment that is a continuation of employment will prevent PERF from making distributions to the employee from the fund.

- 1. YOU MUST SUBMIT A PHOTOCOPY OF YOUR BIRTH CERTIFICATE(S), passport(s) or other eligible proof of age for yourself. Also, if you choose Pension Options 30, 40 or 50, you must supply proof of age for your beneficiary. Other eligible documents include a baptismal certificate, confirmation certificate or court decree. Attach an English translation to any foreign language document.
- 2. Please type or print, using black ink.
- 3. Print your name and Social Security number at the top of every page, except this one (page 1).
- 4. Before you sign the application, review your choices carefully.
- 5. Sign the application in Step 9.

Retirement Application

questions@perf.in.gov

- 6. Have your application notarized in Step 9.
- 7. Complete the Direct Deposit of Recurring Payment form.
- 8. Mail this completed form and all required documents directly to PERF. Please do NOT return the "Special Tax Notice."

NOTE: This application CANNOT BE FINALIZED UNLESS all required steps are completed and returned to PERF.

143 W. Market Street

(888) 526-1687

STEP 1: Member Information (Please Print) - Required Date of birth (MM/DD/YYYY) Social Security Number First Name ΜI Last Name Address City Zip Code Daytime Phone (Area Code First) Evening Phone (Area Code First) Fmail Address Most Recent PERF Employer Your retirement date must fall on the first day of a month after you stop working in a PERF-covered position or become age eligible for retirement. This date may not be more than six months before PERF receives your completed retirement application because state statute limits retroactive benefits. (See instructions for examples.) Retirement Date (MM/01/YYYY): Earliest Possible Retirement Date I choose as my retirement effective date the earliest possible date on which I qualified for retirement benefits. I understand that, pursuant to Indiana Code 5-10.2-4-1(d)(3), my retirement date may not be more than six months before this Retirement Application is received by PERF. By selecting this option, I further understand and agree that PERF shall determine, on my behalf, my earliest possible retirement date. Last day worked, if known (MM/DD/YYYY): Have you ever been a member of the Teachers' Retirement Fund (TRF)? No Have you ever received or are you currently receiving a monthly retirement benefit from PERF or TRF?

Indianapolis, IN 46204

www.perf.in.gov

STEP 2: Select Your Pension Option - Required

State Form 945

Your pension is a monthly, lifetime benefit funded by your employer(s). The pension option you select determines the amount of your check, whether you have a beneficiary and, if so, how much that beneficiary will receive when you pass away. If your beneficiary is not your spouse, is more than 10 years younger than you and you are considering Options 30 or 40, contact PERF to verify that you are eligible for these options. Once you select a pension option, you cannot change it, except under certain circumstances (IC 5-10.2-4-7).

You must select and mark	k ONLY ONE of the seven	options listed belo	w:
before receiving benefit payments years OR a lump sum distribution	Benefit (Option 10): You will rece s for five years, your beneficiary will re equal to the present value of those re eneficiary information in Step 4 only.	eceive that monthly benefit fo	r the remainder of those five
to anyone after your death. Howe it is larger than the payments pre-	ntee (Option 20): You will receive a ever, the balance of your Annuity Savin viously made to you. Only list beneficial PERF OR Combine ASA with Lifetime	ngs Account will be refunded ary information in Step 4 if yo	to your beneficiary or estate if
monthly benefit will be paid to you	or Benefits (Option 30): You will bur beneficiary for his/her lifetime. If you act this option. List beneficiary informa	ır beneficiary is NOT your sp	-
two-thirds of your benefit will be p	Survivor Benefits (Option 40 and to your beneficiary for his/her lifetible to select this option. List beneficiary	ime. If your beneficiary is NO	
	rvivor Benefits (Option 50): Your beneficiary for his/her lifetime. Li		
of 50 and 62. PERF will pay you a depending on your estimated Soc	I Security (Option 61): You are ear larger monthly benefit up until you tube ial Security benefit. If you die before representation of those five years OR the p 4 only.	urn 62. At age 62, your benefi receiving benefits for five yea	t will be reduced or terminated rs, your beneficiary will receive
ASA with your lifetime monthly pe If you die before receiving payme monthly payments for the remain	Option 71): In order to select this option sension benefit. If you select this option, ints for five years, your beneficiary will der of the 5 years or a one time payment beneficiary information in Step 4 or	, you will receive a monthly b receive the pension portion ent of the current value. Any	enefit for the rest of your life. of the monthly benefit in either
STEP 3: Name Your Joi	nt Pension Beneficiary	(ONLY for option	ns 30, 40 and 50)
SKIP THIS STEP <i>IF</i> you chose pens If you chose options 30, 40 or 50, pleadocument that verifies your beneficiar.	ase provide a beneficiary below. You N	IUST submit a copy of a birth	-
Beneficiary's Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)		Social Security Number	
Address	City, State, Zip Code		
Phone Number (Area Code First)	Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY)	Rela	tionship to Member
APPLICATION - 2 State Form 945		polis, IN 46204 rf.in.gov	Retirement Application questions@perf.in.gov

Member Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)	Social Security Number

STEP 4: Name Your Pension Beneficiary (ONLY for options 10, 20, 61 and 71)

SKIP THIS STEP IF you chose pension options 30, 40 or 50; list your beneficiary information in Step 3 only.

If you chose pension option 10, 20, 61 or 71, please list your beneficiary information below. You must specify whether each one is a primary or contingent beneficiary. You may list as many or few beneficiaries as you wish. For more than five, please duplicate this page or provide all requested information on a separate sheet of paper and include it when you submit your application.

NOTE: If you choose Option 20 ("Benefit with No Guarantee") and also select "Withdraw Entire ASA," you do not need to list any beneficiaries because there will be no survivor benefits after you die.

Beneficiary's Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)	Social Security Number	Relationship to Member		
Address	City, State, Zip Code			
Phone Number (Area Code First)	Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY)		Check one: Primary	Contingent
Beneficiary's Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)		Social Security Number	Relationship to Member	
Address	City, State, Zip Code	!	1	
Phone Number (Area Code First)	Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY)		Check one: Primary	Contingent
Beneficiary's Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)		Social Security Number	Relationship to Member	
Address	City, State, Zip Code	1	1	
Phone Number (Area Code First)	Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY)		Check one: Primary	Contingent
Beneficiary's Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)		Social Security Number	Relationship to Member	
Address	City, State, Zip Code			
Phone Number (Area Code First)	Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY)		Check one: Primary	Contingent
Beneficiary's Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)		Social Security Number	Relationship to Member	
Address	City, State, Zip Code	1	1	
Phone Number (Area Code First)	Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY)		Check one: Primary	Contingent
Retirement Application	143 W. Market Street	ndianapolis, IN 46204	A A	PPLICATION - 3

STEP 5: Select Your Annuity Savings Account Payment Method - Required

How you choose to take a distribution from your Annuity Savings Account can have significant tax consequences. A Special Tax Notice has been included in this folder's right pocket. You may also wish to seek professional tax advice prior to making distribution decisions.

You must mark one of the choices listed below:
☐ Elect Not to Receive Any ASA Distribution at this Time
I choose to leave my Annuity Savings Account balance with PERF at this time. I understand that according to IRS regulations, I must begin distribution at age 70 ^{1/2} . I understand that until I elect to receive my funds, they will remain invested according to my directions. At a later date, I can choose one of the other options listed below.
Combine ASA with Lifetime Pension Benefit
I choose to receive, as part of my monthly benefit, the total amount of my Annuity Savings Account. I understand that this monthly payment will continue for my lifetime and that I will not receive any other distribution from my Annuity Savings Account.
☐ Withdraw 1986 Tax Basis (Non-taxable) Portion of ASA and Combine Taxable Portion with Pens Benefit
I choose to receive a distribution of the non-taxable portion of my Annuity Savings Account distribution as indicated below and then receive the balance of the account as a part of my monthly payment. For the non-taxable portion, please select only ONE distribution choice from the following: A. Direct Rollover
Name of Eligible 401(a), 403(b) or governmental 457(b) Retirement Plan or Traditional IRA.
☐ B. Paid directly to me
☐ C. Partial Rollover in the amount of \$, balance (less withholding) paid to me.
Name of Eligible 401(a), 403(b) or governmental 457(b) Retirement Plan or Traditional IRA.
 Withdraw Entire ASA Select one box for the "Taxable Portion" and, if it applies to you, one box for the "1986 Tax Basis Portion. I choose a complete distribution of my Annuity Savings Account as follows: Taxable Portion (Mark only ONE box.) A. Direct Rollover - Complete the line below.
Name of Eligible 401(a), 403(b) or governmental 457(b) Retirement Plan or Traditional IRA.
☐ B. Paid directly to me
☐ C. Partial Rollover in the amount of \$, balance (less withholding) paid to me. (Complete the line bel
Name of Eligible 401(a), 403(b) or governmental 457(b) Retirement Plan or Traditional IRA.
2. 1986 Tax Basis (Non-taxable) Portion (Mark only ONE box.)
☐ A. Direct Rollover - Complete the line below.
Name of Eligible 401(a), 403(b) or governmental 457(b) Retirement Plan or Traditional IRA.
☐ B. Paid directly to me
☐ C. Partial Rollover in the amount of \$, balance (less withholding) paid to me. (Complete the line be
Name of Eligible 401(a), 403(b) or governmental 457(b) Retirement Plan or Traditional IRA.

Member Name (Last, First, Middle Initia	21)	Social Security Number				
STEP 6: Name Yo	our Annuity Savings A	Account (ASA) Be	neficiary			
Only complete this step if Otherwise, skip to Step 7.	you chose "Elect Not to Receive	Any ASA Distribution at thi	is Time" in STEP 5.			
If you chose "Elect Not to R	eceive Any ASA Distribution at this use the same beneficiary, then com		e beneficiary for your ASA and pension ben- o reflect your wishes.			
Beneficiary's Name (Last, First, Middle I	•	Beneficiary's Name (Last, First, Mid	·			
Social Security Number	Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY)	Social Security Number	Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY)			
Address		Address				
City, State, Zip Code		City, State, Zip Code				
Phone Number (Area Code First)	Check One: Primary Contingent	Phone Number (Area Code First)	Check One: Primary Contingent			
STEP 7: Election	for Annuity Savings	Account State Tax	« Withholding			
	n if you chose Paid directly to me		ny other Annuity Savings Account			
have Indiana tax withheld a would like to have Indiana ii	t this time, withholding at the applica	able Indiana tax rate will appl e portion of your Annuity Savi	If you are an Indiana resident and wish to y. Please check the following box if you ngs Account distribution. If you do not unt distribution.			
I am an Indiana reside Account distribution.	ent and would like to have Indiana in	ncome tax withheld from the t	axable portion of my Annuity Savings			
	also like an additional \$	withheld, along with the	e standard percentage.			
I am not a resident of Indiana at the time of	Indiana. (Please note that PERF do	oes not withhold state income	tax for individuals living outside of			

STEP 8: Have Your Application Notarized - Required

You must sign this section in front of a Notary Public and then the Notary Public must sign, date and seal it.

I have carefully read the form and understand it, and I have read all of the information included with the application.

All of the information I have provided and the questions I have answered are full, complete and true, and no material fact has been concealed or omitted.

I understand that I am not allowed, by law, to enter a PERF-covered position with any employer within 30 days of my retirement date. In addition, I am not continuing uninterrupted employment in any capacity (full or part time) in a PERF-covered or non-covered position in any department of my current employer.

I understand that after this application is processed, I cannot change the selections I have made, except in very limited circumstances.

Sign here			
Member Signature		Printed Name	
Subscribed and sworn to before	me, a Notary Public in and for th	e state and county named:	
On this date		_	
State of		_	
County of		_	
Commission Expiration Date (MM/DD/YYYY)		Notary Signature and Seal	
Notary's County of Residence	Notary's State of Residence	Notary's Name (please print)	



PRIVACY NOTICE

All Social Security numbers are requested by this agency in accordance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code. Disclosure is mandatory and this form will not be processed without this information.

Direct Deposit of Recurring Payment NOTE: Information received in our offices after the 13th may not go into effect for your next check.

Status of Payee: (Check one)	Retiree: Complete numbers 1 - 9 and sign.		nuitant: Complete 11 and sign.	Step 1 (w PERF's F	le Trust: Comple vith signature) an Revocable Trust ation and Affadav
Multiple Monthly Benefits Do you receive more than or	ne monthly benefit from PERF?	Yes No If yes, do you wish	to have all Fund accou	unts electronically	deposited?
2. Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)	1				
3. Street Address	4	4. City		5. State	6. Zip Code
7. Social Security Number		8. Phone Numb	per (Area Code)		
9. Select the Appropriate Fund/s:	☐ Conservation/Excise/Gaming ☐ Judges' Retirement System		•	977 Police and Fir	-
10. Name of Deceased Person		11. Social Secu	rity Number of Deceased	Person	
Name of Financial Institution	Address of Fina	ncial Institution	Branch Na	nme	
Routing Number (9 digits)	Account Numbe	er	Branch Ph	one Number	
Type of Account Checking Savings Joi	int (complete Step 3)	n this account. Persons oth	ner than payee complete S	Step 3.	
This section must be compl agree to notify the bank and to the Fund from the deposi	eted by any person other than the Fund of the payee's death pt account after the payee's death	ne payee who will have promptly and further a	e access to this acco	ount. By signing	below, such pe
Sign Here	Name of Autho	rized Dereen	Doto	0	Nb.
Signature of Authorized Person Sign	Name of Autho	ilzeu Feisoli	Date	Social Securit	y Number
Here Signature of Authorized Person	Name of Autho	rized Person	Date	Social Securit	y Number

NOTICE: A trust is deemed to be in effect by the operation of this instrument in the periodic transfer of funds by the payor to the financial organization acting as trustee for the lifetime benefit of the payee to retain and to revert to the payor the funds transferred after the death of the payee. This instrument is governed by Indiana law and enforceable under the jurisdiction of the State of Indiana.

Article A:

By signing this form, I (payee) authorize and request the Fund to direct the net amount of such recurring payments to my account at the financial organization (Bank) designated below and I authorize said Bank to accept and to credit the payments to my account. I acknowledge that the transfer of the payments by the Fund to the Bank satisfies and discharges the obligation of the Fund to me. This authorization is not an assignment of my right to receive payment and revokes all prior payment direction notifications applicable to these payments. I will comply with the Bank's procedures providing safeguards against withdrawals of deposits after my death. If any deposits are made after my death to which I am not entitled, I hereby authorize and direct the Bank on behalf of my estate to refund said deposits to the Fund and to charge same to my account. I understand that the Bank and the Fund reserve the right to cancel this agreement by notice to me; and this authorization will remain in effect with the Fund until canceled by written notice from me.

Retirement Application Checklist

This checklist outlines every step in PERF's retirement application. Once you check-off each line below, you will have completed your retirement application.

PLEASE NOTE: Additional documents may be requested or required to process and finalize your retirement. This is a checklist to help you complete the retirement application. Once you have reviewed the details of the instructions and begin the retirement process, this checklist will help you to ensure that all relevant steps and processes have been completed. If you have any questions, please feel free to call (888) 526-1687.

Your retirement application CANNOT BE FINALIZED UNTIL all required steps are completed and returned to PERF.

YOU	JUST SUBMIT A PHOTOCOPY OF YOUR BIRTH CERTIFICATE(S), passport(s) or other eligible proof of age for yourself.
V	Obtain a retirement application from PERF.
	Step 1: Please fill in all information, including personal data, retirement date, last day worked and the two yes/no questions.
	Step 2: Please select ONE pension option. If you intend to name a beneficiary who is NOT your spouse, is more than 10 years younger than you, and you wish to select Options 30 or 40, contact PERF to verify your eligibility for these options.
	Step 3: If you choose pension option 30, 40 or 50, list a beneficiary. Be sure to include a copy of a birth certificate or another eligible document for your beneficiary. If you chose pension option 10, 20, 61 or 71, skip Step 3 and go straight to Step 4.
	Step 4: If you chose pension options 10, 20, 61 or 71, list your beneficiaries and be sure to check each one as either "primary" or "contingent". If you chose pension option 30, 40 or 50, skip this step.
	Step 5: Select how you would like to receive your Annuity Savings Account. If you decide to withdraw any portion of your ASA, be sure to check a box indicating how you would like it distributed.
	Step 6 : Only read this step if you chose "Elect Not to Receive Any Distribution or Payment at this Time" in Step 5. Skip it if you chose anything else. If you would like to choose different beneficiaries for your ASA and pension benefit, list your ASA beneficiary information in the spaces provided. If you would like to list more than two, attach a sheet listing additional beneficiaries.
	— Step 7: Select whether you would like to have state tax you withheld from your ASA.
	— Step 8: SIGNATURE REQUIRED. Please SIGN and have the application notarized. Note: If your application is not notarized the application will NOT be processed.
	— Complete W4-P (Substitute) Tax Withholding Certificate. PERF will withhold Federal taxes at the rate of Married with 3 allowances, unless we receive your completed form. No State taxes will be withheld unless a completed form is received. You can change your tax options at any time in the future.
	— Complete the Annuitant's Request for State Tax Withholding form.
	— Complete the Direct Deposit of Recurring Payment form.

Please see the reverse side of this page for a list of documents that must be sent to PERF with your completed retirement application and other important information that may apply to you.

Docu	ments that must be included with your application:
	Copy of your birth certificate.
	Copy of your beneficiary's birth certificate if you chose pension option 30, 40, or 50 in Step 2 of the application.
Addit	tional important information that may apply to you:
Addit	tional important information that may apply to you: _IF you are 70 with at least 20 years of service and wish to begin your benefits while still employed, you should complete the Election to Begin Receiving Benefits - Age 70 (State Form 49285), which is available from PERF.
Addit	IF you are 70 with at least 20 years of service and wish to begin your benefits while still employed, you should complete the

You do not need to return this entire folder to PERF. Please mail your retirement application, tax forms and required documents.



PRIVACY NOTICE

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W-4P (Substitute) Tax Withholding Certificate

Your PERF benefits are subject to federal income tax withholding. Complete this form to inform PERF of your federal income tax withholding election. Once you make an election, it will remain in effect until you change or revoke it. If you choose not to have tax withheld or do not have enough tax withheld, you may have to make estimated tax payments to the IRS. You may be subject to penalties if your payments of estimated tax and withholding are not sufficient.

Member Information

Withholding Election

Name (Last, First, Middle)	Social Security Number
Street Address	City/ State/ Zip Code
Phone Number (area code first)	Date
Federal Income Tax Withholding Election	1
1. I elect NOT to have federal income tax withheld from each p complete lines 2 or 3.)	eriodic pension payment. (If you choose this election, then do not
OR	
·	on payment, which is figured by using the number of allowances sheet on the reverse side of this form to figure your allowances. Tried Married, but withholding at the higher, single rate.
B. Enter number of allowances:	
OPTIONAL - Only if you completed line 2, parts A and In addition to the amount withheld based on line 2, I want	B: the following amount withheld from each periodic pension payment:
(You cannot enter an amount here unless you complete	ed line 2, parts A and B.) \$
OR	
3. I only want the following dollar amount withheld from each p	eriodic pension payment: \$
Member Authorization	
Please sign	
Member Signature	Printed Name
Upon completion, please send this form to PERF at 143 West Mark You may also fax it to (317) 234-1226. If you fax this document, PEF	
W-4P (Substitute) Tax . 143 W. Market Street	. Indianapolis. IN 46204

www.perf.in.gov

1-888-526-1687

Personal Allowances Worksheet

A	Enter "1" for yourself if no one else can claim you as a dependent	A
В	Enter "1" if: You are single and have only one pension; or You are married, have only one pension and your spouse has no income subject to withholding; or Your income from a second pension or a job, or your spouses pension or wages (or the total of all) is \$1000 or less	В
С	Enter "1" for your spouse . But, you may choose to enter "-0-" if you are married and have either a spouse who has income subject to withholding or you have more than one source of income subject to withholding. (Entering "-0-" may help you avoid having too little tax withheld.)	C
D	Enter number of dependents (other than your spouse or yourself) you will claim on your tax return	D
Ε	Enter "1" if you will file as head of household on your tax return	.E
F	Child Tax Credit (including additional child tax credit): If your total income will be less than \$55,000 (\$82,000 if married), enter "2" for each eligible child; or If your total income will be between \$55,000 and \$84,000 (\$82,000 and \$119,000 if married), enter "1" for each eligible child, plus "1" additional if you have four or more eligible children	.F
G	Add lines A through F and enter total here. (Note: This may be different from the number of exemptions you claim on your tax return.)	G

For accuracy, complete all worksheets that apply:

- If you plan to itemize or claim adjustments to income and want to reduce your withholding, see the IRS **Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet** on the next page.
- If you have more than one source of income subject to withholding or a spouse with income subject to withholding and your combined income from all sources exceeds \$35,000 (\$25,000 if married), see the **Multiple Pensions/More Than-One-Income Worksheet** on the next page to avoid having too little tax withheld.
- If neither of the above situations applies, stop here and enter the number from line G for your allowances on line 2.

W-4P (Substitute) Tax Withholding

questions@perf.in.gov

Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet

	e. Use this w 2006 tax ret		plan to item	ize deductions, cl	aim certain credits, o	or claim adj	ustment	s to in	com	e on
1	Enter an estimate of your 2006 itemized deductions. These include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes, medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income, and miscellaneous deductions. (For 2006, you may have to reduce your itemized deductions if your income									
		·	_			9 for details	5.)	1	\$	
		0,300 if married filing 7,550 if head of hou		ualitying widow(er	·)			_	Φ	
2	\$ 5,150 if married filing separately Enter: \$ 7,550 if flead of floasehold \$ 5,150 if married filing separately							2	\$	
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter "-0-"						3	\$		
4	Enter an es	timate of your 2006	adjustments	to income, includ	ing alimony, deductil	ole IRA con	tribution	s,	\$	
5					ounts from Workshee				\$	
6	Enter an es	timate of your 2006	income not	subject to withhol	ding (such as divide	nds or inter	est)	6	\$	
7	Subtract lin	ne 6 from line 5. Ente	er the result,	but not less than	"-0-"			7	\$	
8		_			ere. Drop any fractio					
9					, line G, page 1 .					
10	Worksheet	, also enter this tota	l on line 1 b	oelow. Otherwise,	tiple Pensions/More stop here and enter	er this total	on For	m		
	VV- 4 1, IIIIC 2	Mu	tiple Pens	ions/More-Tha	n-One-Income W	orksheet		10		
		y if the instructions unde	r line G, page	1, direct you here. Th	nis applies if you (and yo on, or a pension and a jo	ur spouse if n				
1	Enter the nun	nber from line G, page 1	(or from line 1	0 above if you used	the Deductions and A	djustments V	Vorkshee	et) 1		
2	Find the nu	mber in Table 1 belo	w that appli	es to the LOWES	T paying pension or	job and en	ter it he	re 2		
3	"-0-") and c	on Form W-4P, line 2	, page 1. D c	not use the rest	line 1. Enter the rest of this worksheet.			3		
					, page 1. Complete	lines 4–9 be	elow to d	calcula	ate th	ne additional
_		unt necessary to avo				4				
4								_		
5 6		ne 5 from line 4.								
7									\$	
8					additional annual wi	-			_	
9					For example, divide					
					Enter the result here					
	line 3, page	1. This is the additi						9	\$	
		Table 1			-Than-One-Incom	e Worksh	eet			
16	f IIIOUEOT	AND form I OWEGE		iling Jointly If amount from HIGHEST	AND arrange from LOWEOT	F	If t	1 014		thers
	unt from HIGHEST pension or job is—	AND, amount from LOWEST paying pension or job is—	Enter on line 2 above	paying pension or job is—	AND, amount from LOWEST paying pension or job is—	Enter on line 2 above	If amount fit paying pen			Enter on line 2 above
	\$0 - \$42,000	\$0 - \$4,500 4.501 - 9.000	0	\$42,001 and over	\$32,001 - \$38,000 38,001 - 46,000	6)- \$6,0		0
		4,501 - 9,000 9,001 - 18,000	1 2		46,001 - 46,000	7 8		- 12,0 - 19,0		1 2
		18,001 and over	3		55,001 - 60,000 60,001 - 65,000	9		- 26,0		3
\$42	2,001 and over	\$0 - \$4,500	0		65,001 - 75,000	10 11	35,001	- 35,0 - 50,0	000	4 5 6
		4,501 - 9,000	1 2		75,001 - 95,000 95,001 - 105,000	12 13		- 65,0		
	9,001 - 18,000 18,001 - 22,000		3		105,001 - 120,000	14	80,001	I - 80,000 7 I - 90,000 8		8
		22,001 - 26,000 26,001 - 32,000	4 5		120,001 and over	15	90,001 120,001	- 120,0		9 10
				Pensions/More-	-Than-One-Incom	e Worksh		and OV	J1	10
		Married Filing J				All Oth				
		t from HIGHEST	En	ter on	If amount from	n HIGHEST			Ente	
	paying p	ension or job is— \$0 - \$60,000	line	\$500	paying pensio	n or job is— \$30,000				7 above \$500
		01 - 115,000		830	30,001 -	75,000				830
		01 - 165,000 01 - 290,000		920 1,090	75,001 - 1 145,001 - 3				-	920 ,090
		01 - 290,000 01 and over		1,160	330,001 ar					,160

143 W. Market Street

1-888-526-1687

Indianapolis, IN 46204

State Form 52578 (2-06)

www.perf.in.gov

Request for State Income Tax Withholding

- 1. You may select any amount that you wish to have withheld from your pension payment. This withholding will be reported to you on a W-2P at the end of each year as Indiana Income Tax withheld. The County Adjusted Gross Income Tax (CAGIT), County Option Income Tax (COIT), or the County Economic Development Income Tax (CEDIT) cannot be withheld. However, if you elect to overpay your state income tax liability, this overpayment may be applied to your county liability.
- 2. Please complete all blocks except block A. (Annuity contract claim or identification number). Leave this block blank.
- 3 Be sure to sign and date your form.
- 4. When you have competed and signed your form, detach it from these instructions and return it to the following address:

Public Employees' Retirement Fund 143 West Market Street Indianapolis, IN 46204

Annuitant's Request for State
Income Tax Withholding



Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial		Social Security Number		
Address				
City, State, and ZIP code				
			NOT REQU	IRED
A. Annuity contract claim or identification number	A.	*******	***************************************	***************************************
B. Enter the amount to be withheld from each annuity or pension payment	В.			

I request voluntary income tax withholding from my annuity or pension payments

FORM WH-4P Revised 9/90

(Signature of Annuitant) (Date)

State Income Tax Withholding questions@perf.in.gov

Important Information for Plan Payments Under Governmental 401(a) Plans

his notice explains how you can continue to defer federal income tax on your retirement savings in the Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund (the "Plan" or "PERF") and contains important information you will need before you decide how to receive your Plan benefits. If you received this notice electronically, you may request from PERF a paper copy of this notice at no charge to you.

This notice is provided to you by PERF because all or part of the payment that you will soon receive from the Plan may be eligible for rollover by you or PERF to an IRA or an eligible employer plan. A rollover is a payment by you or PERF of all or part of your benefit to another plan or IRA that allows you to continue to postpone taxation of that benefit until it is paid to you. Your payment cannot be rolled over to a Roth IRA, a SIMPLE IRA, or a Coverdell Education Savings Account (formerly known as an education IRA). Note, however, that for a distribution made after December 31, 2007, your payment can be rolled over to a Roth IRA subject to the same limits that apply to rollovers from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA (i.e., for tax years prior to January 1, 2010, your adjusted gross income cannot exceed \$100,000 and you must not be married filing separately). An "eligible employer plan" includes a plan qualified under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including a 401(k) plan, profit-sharing plan, defined benefit plan, stock bonus plan, and money purchase plan; a section 403(a) annuity plan; a section 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity; and an eligible section 457(b) plan maintained by a governmental employer (governmental 457 plan).

An eligible employer plan is not legally required to accept a rollover. Before you decide to roll over your payment to another employer plan, you should find out whether the plan accepts rollovers and, if so, the types of distributions it accepts as a rollover. You should also find out about any documents that are required to be completed before the receiving plan will accept a rollover. Even if an eligible employer plan accepts rollovers, it might not accept rollovers of certain types of distributions, such as after-tax amounts. If this is the case, and your distribution includes after-tax amounts, you may wish instead to roll your distribution over to an IRA or split your rollover amount between the employer plan in which you will participate and an IRA. If an eligible employer plan accepts your rollover, the plan may restrict subsequent distributions of the rollover amount or may require your spouse's consent for any subsequent distribution. A subsequent distribution from the plan that accepts your rollover may also be subject to different tax treatment than distributions from this Plan. Check with the administrator of the plan that is to receive your rollover prior to making the rollover.

If you have additional questions after reading this notice, you can contact PERF at (888) 526-1687 or (317) 233-4162.

SUMMARY

There are two ways you may be able to receive a Plan payment that is eligible for rollover:

- (1) Certain payments can be made directly to an IRA that you establish or to an eligible employer plan that will accept it and hold it for your benefit ("DIRECT ROLLOVER"); or
- (2) The payment can be PAID TO YOU.

If you choose a DIRECT ROLLOVER to a traditional IRA or an eligible employer plan:

- Your payment will not be taxed in the current year and no income tax will be withheld.
- You choose whether your payment will be made directly to your traditional IRA or to an eligible employer plan that accepts your rollover. Your payment cannot be rolled over to a Roth IRA (see the special rules for rollovers to Roth IRAs below), a SIMPLE IRA, or a Coverdell Education Savings Account because these are not traditional IRAs.
- The taxable portion of your payment will be taxed later when you take it out of the traditional IRA or the eligible employer plan. Depending on the type of plan, the later distribution may be subject to different tax treatment than it would be if you received a taxable distribution from this Plan.

Note that for a distribution made after December 31, 2007, you can choose a direct rollover to a Roth IRA subject to the same limits that apply to rollovers from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA (i.e., for tax years prior to January 1, 2010, your adjusted gross income cannot exceed \$100,000 and you must not be married filing separately). If you make a direct rollover of your distribution to a Roth IRA, the amount of your distribution will be included in your taxable income (except for any portion of the distribution that represents a return of your after-tax contributions to the Plan). You may be able to elect to delay recognizing the distribution as part of your taxable income until 2011 and 2012 if you elect a direct rollover to a Roth IRA in the 2010 taxable year. A direct rollover of your distribution to a Roth IRA avoids the 10% tax on early distributions received prior to the date you reach age 59-1/2, become disabled, or retire under the terms of the Plan. You should consult your tax advisor if you are interested in rolling over your distribution to a Roth IRA.

If you choose to have a Plan payment that is eligible for rollover PAID TO YOU:

 You will receive only 80% of the taxable amount of the payment, because PERF is required to withhold 20% of that amount and send it to the IRS as income tax withholding

to be credited against your taxes.

- The taxable amount of your payment will be taxed in the current year unless you roll it over. Under limited circumstances, you may be able to use special tax rules that could reduce the tax you owe. However, if you receive the payment before age 59-1/2, you may have to pay an additional 10% tax. See special note below for qualified public safety employees.
- You can roll over all or part of the payment by paying it to your IRA or to an eligible employer plan that accepts your rollover within 60 days after you receive the payment. The amount rolled over to a traditional IRA or eligible employer plan will not be taxed until you take it out of the traditional IRA or the eligible employer plan.
- If you want to roll over 100% of the payment to a traditional IRA or an eligible employer plan, you must find other money to replace the 20% of the taxable portion that was withheld. If you roll over only the 80% that you received, you will be taxed on the 20% that was withheld and that is not rolled over.

Qualified Public Safety Employees. On and after August 18, 2006, if you are a "qualified public safety employee" who terminates employment in the calendar year in which you are age 50 or older, and receive an eligible rollover distribution, you will not have to pay the additional 10% tax on a payment that is eligible for rollover and PAID TO YOU. You are a "qualified public safety employee" if you are an employee of a State or political subdivision of a State (such as a county or city) whose principal duties include services requiring specialized training in the area of police protection, firefighting services, or emergency medical services for an area within the jurisdiction of the State or political subdivision.

Your Right to Waive the 30-Day Notice Period. Generally, neither a direct rollover nor a payment can be made from the plan until at least 30 days after your receipt of this notice. Thus, after receiving this notice, you have at least 30 days to consider whether or not to have your withdrawal directly rolled over. If you do not wish to wait until this 30-day notice period ends before your election is processed, you may waive the notice period by making an affirmative election indicating whether or not you wish to make a direct rollover. You may do this by completing an application and submitting it to PERF. Your withdrawal will then be processed in accordance with your election as soon as practical after it is received by PERF.

MORE INFORMATION

- I. PAYMENTS THAT CAN AND CANNOT BE ROLLED OVER
- II. DIRECT ROLLOVER

- III. PAYMENT PAID TO YOU
- IV. SURVIVING SPOUSES
- V. OTHER BENEFICIARIES
- VI. SPECIAL RULES FOR SURVIVING SPOUSES AND OTHER BENEFICIARIES
- I. PAYMENTS THAT CAN AND CANNOT BE ROLLED OVER

Payments from the Plan may be "eligible rollover distributions." This means that they can be rolled over to a traditional IRA or to an eligible employer plan that accepts rollovers, or beginning January 1, 2008, they can be rolled over to a Roth IRA. Payments from a plan cannot be rolled over to a SIMPLE IRA or a Coverdell Education Savings Account. PERF should be able to tell you what portion of your payment is an eligible rollover distribution.

After-tax Contributions. If you made after-tax contributions to the Plan, these contributions may be rolled into either a traditional IRA or to certain employer plans that accept rollovers of the after-tax contributions. The following rules apply:

(a) Rollover into a Traditional IRA. You can roll over your after-tax contributions to a traditional IRA either directly or indirectly. PERF should be able to tell you how much of your payment is the taxable portion and how much is the after-tax portion.

If you roll over after-tax contributions to a traditional IRA, it is your responsibility to keep track of, and report to the Service on the applicable forms, the amount of these after-tax contributions. This will enable the nontaxable amount of any future distributions from the traditional IRA to be determined.

Once you roll over your after-tax contributions to a traditional IRA, those amounts CANNOT later be rolled over to an employer plan.

(b) Rollover into an Employer Plan. Beginning January 1, 2007, you can roll over after-tax contributions from an employer plan that is qualified under Code section 401(a) to another such plan or to a Code section 403(b) annuity contract using a direct rollover if such other plan or annuity contract provides separate accounting for amounts rolled over, including separate accounting for the after-tax employee contributions and earnings on those contributions. If you want to roll over your after-tax contributions to an employer plan that accepts these rollovers, you cannot have the aftertax contributions paid to you first. You must instruct PERF to make a direct rollover on your behalf. You can also roll over after-tax contributions from an employer plan that is qualified under Code section 401(a) to a traditional IRA; however, you cannot first roll over after-tax contributions to a traditional IRA and then roll over that amount into an employer plan.

Important Information for Plan Payments Under Governmental 401(a) Plans

You CANNOT roll over after-tax contributions to a governmental 457 plan.

The following types of payments cannot be rolled over:

Payments Spread over Long Periods. You cannot roll over a payment if it is part of a series of equal (or almost equal) payments that are made at least once a year and that will last for:

- your lifetime (or a period measured by your life expectancy), or
- your lifetime and your beneficiary's lifetime (or a period measured by your joint life expectancies), or
- a period of 10 years or more.

Required Minimum Payments. Beginning when you reach age 70-1/2 or retire, whichever is later, a certain portion of your payment cannot be rolled over because it is a "required minimum payment" that must be paid to you. Special rules apply if you own more than 5% of your employer.

Hardship Distributions. A hardship distribution cannot be rolled over.

Corrective Distributions. A distribution that is made to correct a failed nondiscrimination test or because legal limits on certain contributions were exceeded cannot be rolled over.

PERF should be able to tell you if your payment includes amounts which cannot be rolled over.

II. DIRECT ROLLOVER

A DIRECT ROLLOVER is a direct payment of the amount of your Plan benefits to an IRA or an eligible employer plan that will accept it. You can choose a DIRECT ROLLOVER of all or any portion of your payment that is an eligible rollover distribution, as described in Part I above. Except for a direct rollover to a Roth IRA on or after January 1, 2008, you are not taxed on any taxable portion of your payment for which you choose a DIRECT ROLLOVER until you later take it out of the traditional IRA or eligible employer plan. In addition, no income tax withholding is required for any taxable portion of your Plan benefits for which you choose a DIRECT ROLLOVER.

DIRECT ROLLOVER to an IRA. You can open a traditional IRA, or beginning January 1, 2008, a Roth IRA, to receive the direct rollover. If you choose to have your payment made directly to an IRA, contact an IRA sponsor (usually a financial institution) to find out how to have your payment made in a direct rollover to an IRA at that institution. If you are unsure of how to invest your money, you can temporarily establish an IRA to receive the payment. However, in choosing an IRA, you may wish to make sure that the

IRA you choose will allow you to move all or a part of your payment to another IRA at a later date, without penalties or other limitations. See IRS Publication 590, Individual Retirement Arrangements, for more information on IRAs (including limits on how often you can roll over between IRAs).

DIRECT ROLLOVER to a Plan. If you are employed by a new employer that has an eligible employer plan, and you want a direct rollover to that plan, ask the plan administrator of that plan whether it will accept your rollover. An eligible employer plan is not legally required to accept a rollover. Even if your new employer's plan does not accept a rollover, you can choose a DIRECT ROLLOVER to an IRA. If the employer plan accepts your rollover, the plan may provide restrictions on the circumstances under which you may later receive a distribution of the rollover amount or may require spousal consent to any subsequent distribution. Check with the plan administrator of that plan before making your decision.

DIRECT ROLLOVER of a Series of Payments. If you receive a payment that can be rolled over to an IRA or an eligible employer plan that will accept it, and it is paid in a series of payments for less than 10 years, your choice to make or not make a DIRECT ROLLOVER for a payment will apply to all later payments in the series until you change your election. You are free to change your election for any later payment in the series.

Change in Tax Treatment Resulting from a DIRECT ROLL-OVER. The tax treatment of any payment from the eligible employer plan or IRA receiving your DIRECT ROLLOVER might be different than if you received your benefit in a taxable distribution directly from the Plan. For example, if you were born before January 1, 1936, you might be entitled to ten-year averaging or capital gain treatment, as explained below. However, if you have your benefit rolled over to a section 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity, a governmental 457 plan, or an IRA in a DIRECT ROLLOVER, your benefit will no longer be eligible for that special treatment. See the sections below entitled "Additional 10% Tax if You Are under Age 59-1/2" and "Special Tax Treatment if You Were Born before January 1, 1936."

III. PAYMENT PAID TO YOU

If your payment can be rolled over (see Part I above) and the payment is made to you in cash, it is subject to 20% federal income tax withholding on the taxable portion (state tax withholding may also apply). The payment is taxed in the year you receive it unless, within 60 days, you roll it over to an IRA or an eligible employer plan that accepts rollovers. If you do not roll it over, special tax rules may apply.

Income Tax Withholding:

Mandatory Withholding. If any portion of your payment can be rolled over under Part I above and you do not elect to make a DIRECT ROLLOVER, the Plan is required by law to withhold 20% of the taxable amount. This amount is sent to the IRS as federal income tax withholding. For example, if you can roll over a taxable payment of \$10,000, only \$8,000 will be paid to you because the Plan must withhold \$2,000 as income tax. However, when you prepare your income tax return for the year, unless you make a rollover within 60 days (see "Sixty-Day Rollover Option" below), you must report the full \$10,000 as a taxable payment from the Plan. You must report the \$2,000 as tax withheld, and it will be credited against any income tax you owe for the year. There will be no income tax withholding if your payments for the year are less than \$200.

Voluntary Withholding. If any portion of your payment is taxable but cannot be rolled over under Part I above, the mandatory withholding rules described above do not apply. In this case, you may elect not to have withholding apply to that portion. If you do nothing, an amount will be taken out of this portion of your payment for federal income tax withholding. To elect out of withholding, ask PERF for the election form and related information.

Sixty-Day Rollover Option. If you receive a payment that can be rolled over under Part I above (except after-tax amounts), you can still decide to roll over all or part of it to an IRA or to an eligible employer plan that accepts rollovers. If you decide to roll over, you must contribute the amount of the payment you received to an IRA or eligible employer plan within 60 days after you receive the payment. Unless you roll over your distribution to a Roth IRA, the portion of your payment that is rolled over will not be taxed until you take it out of the IRA or eligible employer plan. If you roll over to a Roth IRA, the distribution will be included in your taxable income for the year in which it was paid to you.

If you want to roll over a payment you received to a traditional IRA or eligible employer plan, you can roll over up to 100% of your payment (that can be rolled over as explained under Part I above), including an amount equal to the 20% of the taxable portion that was withheld. If you choose to roll over 100%, you must find other money within the 60-day period to contribute to the traditional IRA or the eligible employer plan, to replace the 20% that was withheld. On the other hand, if you roll over only the 80% of the taxable portion that you received, you will be taxed on the 20% that was withheld.

Example: The taxable portion of your payment that can be rolled over under Part I above is \$10,000, and you choose to have it paid to you. You will receive \$8,000, and \$2,000 will be sent to the IRS as income tax withholding. Within 60 days after receiving the \$8,000, you may roll over the entire \$10,000 to a traditional IRA or an eligible employer plan. To do this, you roll over the \$8,000 you received from the Plan,

and you will have to find \$2,000 from other sources (your savings, a loan, etc.). In this case, the entire \$10,000 is not taxed until you take it out of the traditional IRA or an eligible employer plan. If you roll over the entire \$10,000, when you file your income tax return you may get a refund of part or all of the \$2,000 withheld.

If, on the other hand, you roll over only \$8,000, the \$2,000 you did not roll over is taxed in the year it was withheld. When you file your income tax return, you may get a refund of part of the \$2,000 withheld. (However, any refund is likely to be larger if you roll over the entire \$10,000.)

Additional 10% Tax If You Are under Age 59-1/2. If you receive a payment before you reach age 59-1/2 and you do not roll it over, then, in addition to the regular income tax, you may have to pay an extra tax equal to 10% of the taxable portion of the payment. The additional 10% tax generally does not apply to (1) payments that are paid after you separate from service with your employer during or after the year you reach age 55, (2) payments that are paid because you retire due to disability, (3) payments that are paid as equal (or almost equal) payments over your life or life expectancy (or your and your beneficiary's lives or life expectancies), (4) payments that are paid directly to the government to satisfy a federal tax levy, (5) payments that are paid to an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, (6) payments that do not exceed the amount of your deductible medical expenses, (7) payments to a qualified public safety employee who separates from service during or after the year reaching age 50, or (8) a qualified reservist distribution from a deemed IRA or attributable to elective deferrals under a 401(k) plan or 403(b) annuity. See IRS Form 5329 for more information on the additional 10% tax.

Special Tax Treatment If You Were Born before January 1, 1936. If you receive a payment from a plan qualified under section 401(a) that can be rolled over under Part I and you do not roll it over to a traditional IRA or an eligible employer plan, the payment will be taxed in the year you receive it. However, if the payment qualifies as a "lump sum distribution," it may be eligible for special tax treatment. A lump sum distribution is a payment, within one year, of your entire balance under the Plan (and certain other similar plans of the employer) that is payable to you after you have reached age 59-1/2 or because you have separated from service with your employer (or, in the case of a self-employed individual, after you have reached age 59-1/2 or have become disabled). For a payment to be treated as a lump sum distribution, you must have been a participant in the plan for at least five years before the year in which you received the distribution. The special tax treatment for lump sum distributions that may be available to you is described below.

Ten-Year Averaging. If you receive a lump sum distribution and you were born before January 1, 1936, you can make a

Important Information for Plan Payments Under Governmental 401(a) Plans

one-time election to figure the tax on the payment by using "10-year averaging" (using 1986 tax rates). Ten-year averaging often reduces the tax you owe.

Capital Gain Treatment. If you receive a lump sum distribution and you were born before January 1, 1936, and you were a participant in the Plan before 1974, you may elect to have the part of your payment that is attributable to your pre-1974 participation in the Plan taxed as long-term capital gain at a rate of 20%.

There are other limits on the special tax treatment for lump sum distributions. For example, you can generally elect this special tax treatment only once in your lifetime, and the election applies to all lump sum distributions that you receive in that same year. You may not elect this special tax treatment if you rolled amounts into this Plan from a 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity contract, a governmental 457 plan, or from an IRA not originally attributable to a qualified employer plan. If you have previously rolled over a distribution from this Plan (or certain other similar plans of the employer), you cannot use this special averaging treatment for later payments from the Plan. If you roll over your payment to an IRA, governmental 457 plan, or 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity, you will not be able to use special tax treatment for later payments from that IRA, plan, or annuity. Also, if you roll over only a portion of your payment to an IRA, governmental 457 plan, or 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity, this special tax treatment is not available for the rest of the payment. See IRS Form 4972 for additional information on lump sum distributions and how you elect the special tax treatment.

IV. SURVIVING SPOUSES

In general, the rules summarized above that apply to payments to employees also apply to payments to surviving spouses of employees.

If you are a surviving spouse, you may choose to have a payment that can be rolled over, as described in Part I above, paid in a DIRECT ROLLOVER to an IRA or to an eligible employer plan or paid to you. If you have the payment paid to you, you can keep it or roll it over yourself to an IRA or to an eligible employer plan. Thus, you have the same choices as the employee.

V. BENEFICIARIES

If you are a beneficiary other than a surviving spouse and receive a distribution on or after January 1, 2007, you can choose to be paid in a DIRECT ROLLOVER to a traditional IRA, which will be treated as an inherited IRA subject to the minimum distribution rules applicable to beneficiaries. You cannot choose a direct rollover to a Roth IRA or an eligible employer plan, and you cannot roll over the payment your-

self.

VI. SPECIAL RULES FOR SURVIVING SPOUSES AND OTHER BENEFICIARIES

If you are a surviving spouse or another beneficiary, your payment is generally not subject to the additional 10% tax described in Part III above, even if you are younger than age 59-1/2.

If you are a surviving spouse or another beneficiary, you may be able to use the special tax treatment for lump sum distributions, as described in Part III above. If you receive a payment because of the employee's death, you may be able to treat the payment as a lump sum distribution if the employee met the appropriate age requirements, whether or not the employee had 5 years of participation in the Plan.

VII. HOW TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This notice summarizes only the federal (not state or local) tax rules that might apply to your payment. The rules described above are complex and contain many conditions and exceptions that are not included in this notice. Therefore, you may want to consult with a professional tax advisor before you take a payment of your benefits from your Plan. Also, you can find more specific information on the tax treatment of payments from qualified employer plans in IRS Publication 575, Pension and Annuity Income, and IRS Publication 590, Individual Retirement Arrangements. These publications are available from your local IRS office, on the IRS's Internet Web Site at www.irs.gov, or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORMS.